#### IC 33-23-12

Chapter 12. Political Activity of Court Employees

#### IC 33-23-12-1

## Legislative findings

Sec. 1. The general assembly finds that:

- (1) the right of every citizen to freely participate in political activity is inherent in the guarantee of free speech contained in Article 1, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana and in Amendment I to the Constitution of the United States;
- (2) the right to freely participate in political activity is guaranteed to state employees under IC 4-15-10-2;
- (3) the judiciary is not less subject to constitutional strictures against governmental interference with the free exercise of speech than are the executive and legislative branches of government; and
- (4) employees in the judicial branch of state government have the same rights guaranteed to all Indiana citizens.

As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.2.

# IC 33-23-12-2

## "Court employee" defined

- Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "court employee" means a person employed by any of the following:
  - (1) The supreme court.
  - (2) The court of appeals.
  - (3) The tax court.
  - (4) A circuit court.
  - (5) A superior court.
  - (6) A juvenile court.
  - (7) A probate court.
  - (8) A county court.
  - (9) A municipal court.
  - (10) A city or town court.
  - (11) A small claims court.
- (b) The term does not include a judge of any of the courts listed in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(11).

As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.2.

### IC 33-23-12-3

## Right to participate in or abstain from political activity

- Sec. 3. Except when on duty or acting in an official capacity and except where otherwise provided by state or federal law, a court employee may not be:
  - (1) discouraged from engaging in political activity; or
  - (2) denied the right to choose to refrain from engaging in political activity.

As added by P.L.98-2004, SEC.2.